



# **Jalan Mica Exports**

### An ISO 9000:2015 Certified Company

#### **PHLOGOPITE MICA**





#### PHLOGOPITE MICA BLOCKS



#### PHLOGOPITE MICA SCRAPS



#### **PHLOGOPITE MICA PLATES**

#### PHLOGOPITE MICA SPLITTINGS



**Phlogopite** is a yellow, greenish, or reddish-brown member of the mica family of phyllosilicates. It is also known as **magnesium mica** or **amber mica**.

Chemical formula: KMg3(OH, F)2AISi3O10 - Potassium magnesium aluminum silicate hydroxide

Crystal system - monolitic Mohs scale hardness - 2,5 -3,0 Cleavage - perfect basal Streak - white Fracture - uneven, foliate Specific gravity - 2,6 do 3,2 g/cm3 Color - brownish red, dark brown, yellowish brown, green, white Luster - pearly, sometimes slightly metallic on cleavage surfaces

#### **APPLICATION OF PHLOGOPITE:**

- mineral with outstanding properties as collector items
- is used in electronics,
- excellent electrical insulator
- after pulverization used as a non-stick surface coating on asphalt shingles and rolled roofing
- used as a filler in the chemical plant protection

Creates - often large in size - plates or lamellar crystals, macroscopically very similar to biotite (usually somewhat lighter). Often has pseudohexagonal character. It also occurs in clusters of granular, lamellar and squamosals.

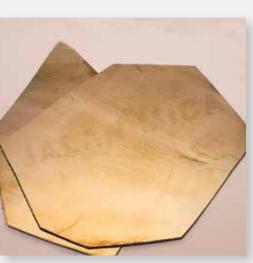
Phlogopite, also called Magnesium Mica, is typically light to dark brown in color and the dark brown variety may be difficult to distinguish from Biotite. Phlogopite is essentially a complex magnesium, aluminum, iron silicate. Which may show an asterism or six rayed star when a light source is viewed through a thin crystal. Caused, as in garnet, by iron inclusions.

Phlogopite is common in dolomites and metamorphic limestones (magnesium rich marbles). Also in some pegmatites. Associated minerals are dolomitic marbles, hornblende, garnets and schorl.

Crystal habits include tabular to prismatic crystals with a prominant pinacoid termination. Phlogopite's four prism faces and two pinacoid faces can form a pseudo-hexagonal crystal which is also called a Book. It can also occur as lamellar or granular rock forming masses.







Calcination temperature of phlogopite mica is reached at about 800 C. Generally speaking, phlogopite mica is softer than muscovite mica and this for instance makes it more suitable for the manufacture of commutator micanite used in commutators of flush running designs.

Phlogopite mica is commonly called amber mica and varies in color from light silver to dark brown. Phlogopite mica has poor electrical properties and chemical resistance in comparison to muscovite mica.

#### **BASIC PROPERTIES OF PHLOGOPITE MICA**

<b>CHARACTERISTIC</b>	<u>UNIT</u>	Value
Color		brownish red, dark brown, yellowish brown, green, white
Density	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	2.6 - 3.2
Hardness	Mohs	2.5 - 3.0
Tensile Strength	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	~ 1000
Shear Strength	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	1000 - 1300
Compression Strength	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	-
Modulus of Elasticity	kg/cm <sup>2</sup>	1.4 - 2.1
Coefficient of expansion per C *)		30x10- <sup>6</sup> - 60 x10- <sup>6</sup>
Calcining Temperature	°C	900 - 1000
Maximum Operating Temperature	°C	1200



Thermal Conductivity *)	W/(m · °C)	~0.419
Water of Constitution	%	3.0
Moisture Absorption		very low
Apparent Electric Strength (@ 25 - 75 µm thick)	kV/mm	115 - 140
Permittivity (@ 15 °C)		5 - 6
Power Factor (loss Tangent) @ 15 °C		1 - 5 x 10- <sup>3</sup>
Volume Resistivity 25 °C	Ω·cm	1x10 <sup>12</sup> - 1x10 <sup>14</sup>
Acid Reaction		Affected by H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION				
Silicon dioxide	SiO <sub>2</sub>	42.99%		
Alumina	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	12.16%		
Potassium oxide	K <sub>2</sub> O	11.23%		
Magnesium oxide	MgO	28.84%		
Loss on ignition	H2O	2.15%		





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